

Substitute Bill No. 568

January Session, 2003

AN ACT CONCERNING HOSPITAL BILLING PRACTICES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 19a-649 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
- 3 (a) The office, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social 4 Services, shall review annually the level of uncompensated care 5 including emergency assistance to families provided by each hospital 6 to the indigent. Each hospital shall file annually with the office its 7 policies regarding the provision of free or reduced cost services to the 8 indigent, excluding medical assistance recipients, and its debt collection practices. Each hospital shall obtain an independent audit of 10 the level of charges, payments and discharges by primary payer 11 related to Medicare, medical assistance, **CHAMPUS** 12 nongovernmental payers as well as the amount of uncompensated care 13 including emergency assistance to families. The results of this audit, 14 including the above information, with an opinion, shall be provided to 15 the office by each hospital together with the hospital's financial 16 statements filed on February twenty-eighth of each year. For purposes 17 of this section, "primary payer" means the final payer responsible for 18 more than fifty per cent of the charges on the case, or, if no payer is 19 responsible for more than fifty per cent of the charges the payer 20 responsible for the highest percentage of charges. The office shall 21 evaluate the audit and may rely on the information contained in the

- 22 independent audit or may require such additional audit as it deems 23 necessary.
- 24 (b) Each hospital shall include in the report filed pursuant to 25 subsection (a) of this section, (1) the number of applicants for free and 26 reduced cost services, (2) the number of approved applicants, and (3) 27 the total and average values of the amount of free and reduced cost 28 care provided. The total value of free and reduced cost care shall be 29 reported at the cost of providing services, as defined in section 19a-673, 30 as amended by this act.
- 31 Sec. 2. Section 19a-509b of the general statutes is repealed and the 32 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
- 33 (a) As used in this section, (1) "hospital bed fund" means any gift of 34 money, stock, bonds, financial instruments or other property made by 35 any donor for the purpose of establishing a fund to provide medical 36 care, including, but not limited to, inpatient or outpatient care, to 37 patients at a hospital. A hospital bed fund may be established by inter 38 vivos gift, bequest, subscription, solicitation, dedication or any other 39 means; (2) "hospital" means hospital as defined in section 19a-490; (3) 40 "collection agent" means any person, either employed by or under 41 contract to, a hospital, who is engaged in the business of collecting 42 payment from consumers for medical services provided by the 43 hospital, and includes, but is not limited to, attorneys performing debt 44 collection activities.
 - (b) (1) Each hospital which holds or administers one or more hospital bed funds shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous public place in each patient admitting location, including but not limited to, the admissions office, emergency room, social services department and patient accounts or billing office, information in English and Spanish regarding the availability of its hospital bed funds, in plain language in a forty-eight to seventy-two point type size. Such information shall include: (A) Notification of the existence of hospital bed funds and the hospital's program to administer them,

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- 54 [and] (B) the person to contact for application information, and (C) 55 notification that applications are available from any personnel in the patients admissions and patient accounts or billing offices. 56
 - (2) Each hospital which has a hospital bed fund shall train staff, including but not limited to, hospital social workers, admissions officers, discharge planners, [and] billing personnel and collection agents concerning the existence of such fund, the eligibility requirements, requirements for disclosure to patients pursuant to this section, and the procedures for application.
 - (c) Each hospital which holds or administers one or more hospital bed funds shall make available [to individual members of the public] in a place and manner allowing individual members of the public to easily obtain it, a one page summary in English and Spanish describing hospital bed funds and how to apply for them. [This summary] The summary shall also describe any other free or reduced cost policies for the indigent as reported by the hospital to the Office of Health Care Access pursuant to section 19a-649, as amended by this act, and shall clearly distinguish hospital bed funds from other sources of financial assistance. The summary shall include notification that the patient is entitled to reapply upon rejection, and that additional funds may become available on an annual basis. The summary shall be available in the patient admissions office, emergency room, social services department and patient accounts or billing office, and from any collection agent. If during the admission process or during its review of the financial resources of the patient, the hospital reasonably believes the patient will have limited funds to pay for any portion of the patient's hospitalization not covered by insurance, the hospital shall provide the summary to each such patient.
 - (d) Each hospital which holds or administers one or more hospital bed funds and its collection agents shall include a summary as provided in subsection (c) of this section in all bills and collections notices sent by the hospital or its collection agents to individuals for amounts not covered by insurance.

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[(d)] (e) Applicants for assistance from hospital bed funds shall be notified in writing of any award or any rejection and the reason for such rejection. Patients who cannot pay any outstanding medical bill at the hospital shall be allowed to apply or reapply for hospital bed funds. Any payment from a hospital bed fund shall be for a medical service calculated at the cost of providing services, as defined in section 19a-673, as amended by this act.

(f) At the time a hospital determines whether a patient qualifies for hospital bed funds or for free or reduced cost care according to hospital policies as described in section 19a-649, as amended by this act, the hospital shall also determine whether such patient is uninsured, as defined in section 19a-673, as amended by this act, and should be billed under the terms described in section 19a-673, as amended by this act.

[(e)] (g) Each hospital which holds or administers one or more hospital bed funds shall maintain and annually compile, at the end of the fiscal year of the hospital, the following information: (1) The number of applications for hospital bed funds; (2) the number of [patient accounts] patients receiving hospital bed fund grants and the actual dollar amounts provided to each patient from such fund; (3) the fair market value of the principal of each individual hospital bed fund, or the principal attributable to each bed fund if held in a pooled investment; (4) the total earnings for each hospital bed fund or the earnings attributable to each hospital bed fund; (5) the dollar amount of earnings reinvested as principal if any; and (6) the dollar amount of earnings available for patient care. The information compiled pursuant to this subsection shall be permanently retained by the hospital and [made available to the Office of Health Care Access upon request] shall be filed with the Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health Care Access no later than sixty days after the end of the fiscal year of the hospital.

(h) The hospital shall provide the information compiled pursuant to subsection (g) of this section annually to living donors and any donor-

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- 120 specified individuals or organizations with power to nominate patients 121 to receive hospital bed funds.
- 122 (i) No hospital which holds or administers one or more hospital bed 123 funds shall initiate any form of legal proceeding to collect money from 124 an individual for medical services rendered until the hospital has 125 provided the individual with (1) the summary described in subsection 126 (c) of this section, (2) an application form for hospital bed funds, and 127 (3) a notice in writing in English and Spanish that collection 128 proceedings may be initiated sixty days after the date of the notice. No proceedings shall be initiated until at least sixty days from the date of 129 130 the notice. If the individual applies for hospital bed funds within the 131 sixty-day period, such period shall be suspended and shall not resume 132 until the hospital notifies the individual in writing of any award or any 133 rejection as provided in subsection (e) of this section.
- 134 (j) Any hospital that fails to file information required by this section 135 shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand 136 dollars. The Attorney General may bring an action in the superior 137 court for the judicial district of Hartford to recover such penalty and to 138 obtain any appropriate injunctive relief to ensure compliance with the 139 provisions of this section.
- 140 Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) On or before March 1, 2004, 141 and annually thereafter, each hospital shall file with the Office of 142 Health Care Access a debt collection report that includes (1) whether 143 the hospital uses a collection agent, as defined in section 19a-509b of 144 the general statutes, as amended by this act, to assist with debt 145 collection, (2) the name of any collection agent used, (3) the hospital's 146 processes and policies for assigning a debt to a collection agent and for 147 compensating such collection agent for services rendered, and (4) the 148 recovery rate on accounts assigned to collection agents, exclusive of 149 Medicare accounts, in the most recent hospital fiscal year.
- 150 Sec. 4. Section 19a-673 of the general statutes is repealed and the 151 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):

152 (a) As used in this section:

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- 153 (1) "Cost of providing services" means a hospital's published 154 charges at the time of billing, [of an uninsured patient,] multiplied by 155 the hospital's most recent relationship of costs to charges as taken from 156 the hospital's most recently available [audited financial statements] 157 annual financial filing with the Office of Health Care Access.
- 158 (2) "Hospital" means an institution licensed by the Department of 159 Public Health as a short-term general hospital.
 - (3) "Poverty income guidelines" means the poverty income guidelines issued from time to time by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
 - (4) "Uninsured patient" means any person who is liable for one or more hospital charges whose income is at or below two hundred fifty per cent of the poverty income guidelines, or whose total annual medical bills from a short-term general hospital stay or stays, including physician, laboratory and other charges, exceed twenty per cent of such person's income in the previous calendar year, who (A) has applied and been denied eligibility for any medical or health care coverage provided under the general assistance program or the Medicaid program due to failure to satisfy income or other eligibility requirements, and (B) is not eligible for coverage for hospital services under the Medicare or CHAMPUS programs, or under any Medicaid or health insurance program of any other nation, state, territory or commonwealth, or under any other governmental or privately sponsored health or accident insurance or benefit program including, but not limited to, workers' compensation and awards, settlements or judgments arising from claims, suits or proceedings involving motor vehicle accidents or alleged negligence.
 - (5) "Income" means the federal adjusted gross income from the previous tax year, except that a person who is unemployed may request that an estimate of current year income be used to make any determinations required pursuant to this section.

- (b) (1) No hospital that has provided health care services to an uninsured patient may collect from the uninsured patient more than the cost of providing services.
- (2) Upon the request of any patient, hospitals shall make a determination of uninsured status based on earnings statements attached to paychecks, tax returns, unemployment insurance records, or other documents provided by the patient, or upon receipt of any patient's application for hospital free care or hospital bed funds pursuant to section 19a-509b, as amended by this act. If a hospital determines that a patient is uninsured, the hospital shall provide bills to such patient that reflect the adjustment to cost basis as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (c) The Office of Health Care Access shall develop a standard notice, in English and Spanish, that summarizes in plain language the obligations of hospitals pursuant to this section and the requirement that patients furnish proof of income to hospitals in order to qualify for uninsured status. Such notice shall be posted and made available in the same manner as provided for the summary of hospital bed funds pursuant to section 19a-509b, as amended by this act. Such notice shall be included in all hospital bills to private individuals, including, but not limited to, uninsured patients, and shall be made available upon admission, discharge or at any time to any patient upon request, and to any patient who has not provided proof of or has been denied thirdparty insurance coverage.
- (d) No hospital shall initiate any form of legal proceeding to collect money from an individual for medical services rendered until (1) the hospital has provided the individual with a written notice in English and Spanish supplied by the Department of Social Services describing in plain language all forms of public assistance that may be available for payment of hospital expenses, the income and other criteria for eligibility for such assistance, and the application procedures for such assistance, and (2) the hospital has offered to assist the individual with the application process. No proceedings shall be initiated until at least

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- 217 sixty days after the individual has been provided with such
- 218 information and assistance. If the individual applies for any form of
- 219 public assistance within the sixty-day period, such period shall be
- 220 suspended, and shall not be resumed until the individual is notified in
- 221 writing in English and Spanish of eligibility or ineligibility for such
- 222 assistance.
- 223 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) If, at any point in the debt
- 224 collection process, whether before or after the entry of judgment, a
- 225 hospital, a consumer collection agency acting on behalf of the hospital,
- 226 an attorney representing the hospital or any employee or agent of the
- 227 hospital becomes aware that a debtor from whom the hospital is
- 228 seeking payment for services rendered receives information that the
- 229 debtor is eligible for hospital bed funds, free or reduced price hospital
- 230 services, or any other program which would result in the elimination
- 231 of liability for the debt or reduction in the amount of such liability, the
- 232 hospital, collection agency, attorney, employee, or agent shall
- 233 promptly discontinue collection efforts and refer the collection file to
- 234 the hospital for determination of such eligibility. The collection effort
- shall not resume until such determination is made. 235
- 236 Sec. 6. Section 37-3a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 237 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
- 238 (a) Except as provided in sections 37-3b, 37-3c and 52-192a, interest
- 239 at the rate of ten per cent a year, and no more, may be recovered and
- 240 allowed in civil actions or arbitration proceedings under chapter 909,
- 241 including actions to recover money loaned at a greater rate, as
- 242 damages for the detention of money after it becomes payable.
- 243 Judgment may be given for the recovery of taxes assessed and paid
- 244 upon the loan, and the insurance upon the estate mortgaged to secure
- 245 the loan, whenever the borrower has agreed in writing to pay such
- 246 taxes or insurance or both. Whenever the maker of any contract is a
- 247 resident of another state or the mortgage security is located in another
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- state, any obligee or holder of such contract, residing in this state, may
- 249 lawfully recover any agreed rate of interest or damages on such

- 250 contract until it is fully performed, not exceeding the legal rate of
- 251 interest in the state where such contract purports to have been made or
- 252 such mortgage security is located.
- 253 (b) In the case of a debt arising out of services provided at a
- 254 hospital, prejudgment and postjudgment interest shall be no more
- 255 than the lesser of ten per cent per year or the annual rate of increase for
- 256 the most recent twelve-month period in the United States City Average
- 257 Consumer Price Index on All Items as published monthly by the
- 258 Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor during
- 259 the relevant time period. The awarding of interest in such cases is
- 260 discretionary.
- 261 Sec. 7. Subsection (t) of section 52-352b of the general statutes is
- 262 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 263 October 1, 2003):
- 264 (t) The homestead of the exemptioner to the value of seventy-five
- 265 thousand dollars, or, in the case of a money judgment arising out of
- 266 services provided at a hospital, to the value of one hundred twenty-
- 267 five thousand dollars, provided value shall be determined as the fair
- market value of the real property less the amount of any statutory or 268
- 269 consensual lien which encumbers it.
- 270 Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 52-356a of the general statutes is
- 271 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 272 October 1, 2003):
- 273 (a) (1) On application of a judgment creditor or his attorney, stating
- 274 that a judgment remains unsatisfied and the amount due thereon, and
- 275 subject to the expiration of any stay of enforcement and expiration of
- 276 any right of appeal, the clerk of the court in which the money
- 277 judgment was rendered shall issue an execution pursuant to this
- 278 section against the nonexempt personal property of the judgment
- 279 debtor other than debts due from a banking institution or earnings.
- 280 The application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty dollars
- 281 payable to the clerk of the court for the administrative costs of

complying with the provisions of this section which fee may be recoverable by the judgment creditor as a taxable cost of the action. In the case of a consumer judgment, the application shall indicate whether, pursuant to an installment payment order under subsection (b) of section 52-356d, as amended by this act, the court has entered a stay of execution and, if such a stay was entered, shall contain a statement of the judgment creditor or his attorney as to the debtor's default on payments. In the case of a judgment arising out of services provided at a hospital, no application shall be made until the court has (A) issued an order for installment payments in accordance with section 52-356d, as amended by this act, (B) made a finding that the debtor has defaulted on payments under the order, and (C) lifted the mandatory stay issued under section 52-356d, as amended by this act. The court shall make a determination concerning noncompliance or default, and decide whether to modify the installment payment plan, continue the installment payment plan, or lift the stay. For purposes of this subdivision, "noncompliance" or "default" under an installment plan means four consecutive missed payments. The execution shall be directed to any levying officer.

(2) The property execution shall require a proper levying officer to enforce the money judgment and shall state the names and last-known addresses of the judgment creditor and judgment debtor, the court in which and the date on which the money judgment was rendered, the original amount of the money judgment and the amount due thereon, and any information which the judgment creditor considers necessary or appropriate to identify the judgment debtor. The property execution shall notify any person served therewith that the judgment debtor's nonexempt personal property is subject to levy, seizure and sale by the levying officer pursuant to the execution and, if the judgment debtor is a natural person, shall be accompanied by a notice of judgment debtor rights as prescribed by section 52-361b and a notice to any third person of the manner, as prescribed by subdivision (4) of this subsection, for complying with the execution.

(3) A property execution shall be returned to court within four

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316 months after issuance. The untimely return of a property execution 317 more than four months after issuance shall not of itself invalidate any 318 otherwise valid levy made during the four-month period.

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- (4) The levying officer shall personally serve a copy of the execution on the judgment debtor and make demand for payment by the judgment debtor of all sums due under the money judgment. On failure of the judgment debtor to make immediate payment, the levying officer shall levy on nonexempt personal property of the judgment debtor, other than debts due from a banking institution or earnings, sufficient to satisfy the judgment, as follows:
- (A) If such nonexempt personal property is in the possession of the judgment debtor, the levying officer shall take such property into his possession as is accessible without breach of the peace;
- (B) With respect to a judgment debtor who is not a natural person, if such personal property, including any debt owed, is in the possession of a third person, the levying officer shall serve that person with a copy of the execution and that person shall forthwith deliver the property or pay the amount of the debt due or payable to the levying officer, provided, if the debt is not yet payable, payment shall be made when the debt matures if within four months after issuance of the execution;
- (C) With respect to a judgment debtor who is a natural person, if such personal property, including any debt owed, is in the possession of a third person, the levying officer shall serve that person with two copies of the execution, required notices and claim forms. On receipt of such papers, the third person shall forthwith mail a copy thereof postage prepaid to the judgment debtor at the last-known address of record with the third person and shall withhold delivery of the property or payment of the debt due to the levying officer or any other person for twenty days. On expiration of the twenty days, the third person shall forthwith deliver the property or pay the debt to the levying officer provided (i) if an exemption claim has been filed in

- 348 accordance with subsection (d) of section 52-361b, the property shall 349 continue to be withheld subject to determination of the claim and (ii) if 350 a debt is not yet payable, payment shall be made when the debt
- 351 matures if within four months after issuance of the execution.
- 352 (5) Levy under this section on property held by, or a debt due from, 353 a third person shall bar an action for such property against the third 354 person provided the third person acted in compliance with the 355 execution.
 - (6) If the levying officer cannot remove any property on which he seeks to levy without the danger of injury thereto, he may levy on and take possession of the property by posting on or adjacent to the property a conspicuous notice of the levy.
 - (7) Subject to the provisions of section 52-328, if the property to be executed against is already subject to an attachment, garnishment or judgment lien of the judgment creditor as security for that judgment, the priority of the execution shall hold from the date of perfecting of the attachment, garnishment or other lien. A sale pursuant to the execution forecloses any interest acquired as a result of the attachment, garnishment or judgment lien.
 - (8) If the judgment debtor has left the state prior to service of the execution or if he cannot otherwise be found with reasonable effort at his last-known address in this state, the levying officer shall proceed with the levy after (A) making demand for payment at such lastknown address and on any agent or attorney of the judgment debtor of record with the clerk of the Superior Court and (B) making a reasonable effort to ascertain and provide notice of the execution at any forwarding address.
- 375 Sec. 9. Subsection (b) of section 52-356d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 376 377 October 1, 2003):
- 378 (b) In the case of a consumer judgment, the court may provide that

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compliance with the installment payment order, other than with an order for nominal payments pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, shall stay any property execution or foreclosure pursuant to that judgment, provided such a stay is reasonable considering the nature of the debt and the financial circumstances of the judgment debtor. In the case of a judgment arising out of services provided at a hospital, (1) the court shall provide that compliance with the installment payment order shall stay any property execution or foreclosure pursuant to that judgment, including, but not limited to, execution on wages, execution on bank accounts, and execution on or foreclosure of real property, and (2) weekly payments shall be no more than five per cent of income.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	October 1, 2003
Sec. 2	October 1, 2003
Sec. 3	October 1, 2003
Sec. 4	October 1, 2003
Sec. 5	October 1, 2003
Sec. 6	October 1, 2003
Sec. 7	October 1, 2003
Sec. 8	October 1, 2003
Sec. 9	October 1, 2003

PH Joint Favorable Subst.-LCO

JUD Joint Favorable

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